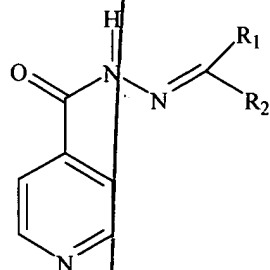


1. An antimycobacterial compound which comprises the formula:



5 wherein R_1 is H; and

R_2 is C_3 to C_{14} alkyl, C_3 to C_{10} substituted alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted dialkenyl, C_3 to C_7 cycloalkyl, C_3 to C_7 substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C_7 to C_{16} phenylalkyl, C_7 to C_{16} substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle, halo, hydroxy, amino, or carboxy;

10 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; or a pharmaceutical isomer thereof; or a combination of the same.

2. The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 1 wherein R_1 is H; and

5 R_2 is $CH=CHCH_3$ (trans), $CH=CHCH_2CH_3$ (trans), $CH=CHCH_2CH_2CH_3$ (trans), $CH=CHCH_2CH_2CH_2CH_3$ (trans), $C(CH_3)=CHCH_3$ (trans), $CH=C(CH_3)CH_2CH_2CH=C(CH_3)_2$ (trans), $CH=NNHCO-4-C_6H_4NHCH_2CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_2CH=C(CH_3)_2$, $4-C_6H_4-CH=NNHCO-4-C_5H_4N$, $4-C_6H_4-O-CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_3$, $(CH_2)_{11}CH_3$, $4-C_6H_4NO_2$, C_6H_5 , $2-C_6H_4OH$, $4-OH-3-OCH_3C_6H_3$, $4-C_6H_4OCH_3$, $3-C_6H_4OCH_3$, $(CH_2)_8CH_3$, $(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $2-C_6H_4OCH_3$,
10 $C(CH_3)=CHC_6H_5$ (trans), $4-C_6H_4F$, $3,5-di(CH_3)-4-O-C_7H_7$, $2-F-4-OCH_3C_6H_3$, $2-ClC_6H_4$, $4-BrC_6H_4$, $3-C_6H_4NO_2$, $4-C_6H_4O(CH_2)_5CH_3$, $2-Cl-5-NO_2C_6H_3$, $4-Cl-3-NO_2C_6H_3$, $2-C_6H_4NO_2$, $2-6-$

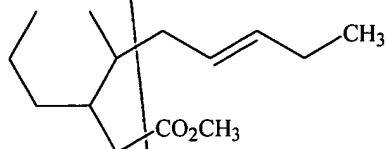
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4. The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 1 wherein R₁ is
- 5 CH₂CO₂CH₂CH₃; and
- R₂ is CH₂CH₂CH₃.

6. The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 1 wherein R_1 is 2- C_5H_4N ; and R_2 is 2- $C_5H_4N \cdot 2H_2O$.

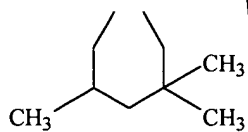
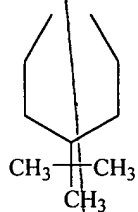
- 5102 7. The an
4. C_6H_8NNHCO

8. The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 1 where R_1, R_2 is



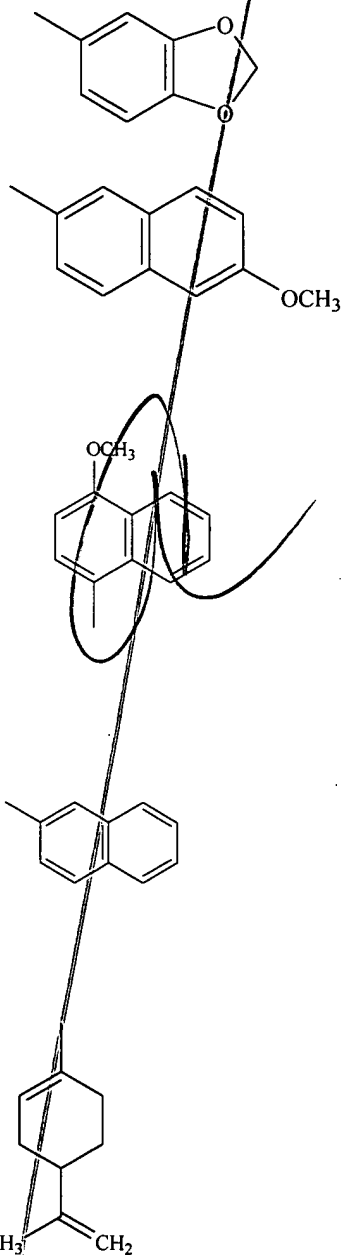
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22
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or



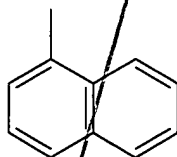
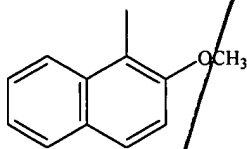
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9. The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 1 wherein R_1 is H; and R_2 is

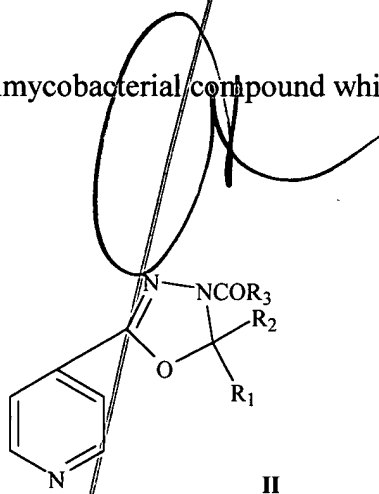


10

or



10. An antimycobacterial compound which comprises the formula:



wherein R_1 is H; R_2 is C_3 to C_{14} alkyl, C_3 to C_{10} substituted alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted dialkenyl, C_3 to C_7 cycloalkyl, C_3 to C_7 substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C_7 to C_{16} phenylalkyl, C_7 to C_{16} substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle; and

R_3 is C_1 or C_2 alkyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable isomer thereof; or a combination of the same.

11. The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 10 wherein R_1 is H; R_2 is 2,6-di(Cl) C_6H_3 , 3- NO_2 -4-Cl- C_6H_3 , 3,4-di(F) C_6H_3 , 2- $C_6H_4NO_2$, 3,4-di(Cl) C_6H_3 and 2,6-di(F) C_6H_3 ;

and

R_3 is CH_3 .

12. The antimycobacterial compounds according to claim 10 wherein R_1 is CH_3 ; R_2 is CH_3 ; and

R_3 is CH_2CH_3 or CH_3 .

13. The antimycobacterial compounds according to claim 10 wherein R_1 , R_2 is $(CH_2)_5$;

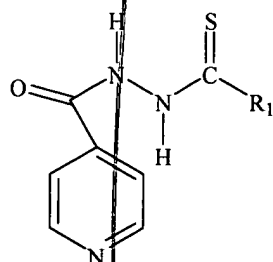
and

R_3 is CH_3 .

14. The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 10 wherein R_1 is CH_3 ; R_2 is C_6H_5 ; and

R_3 is CH_3 .

15. An antimycobacterial compound which comprises the formula:

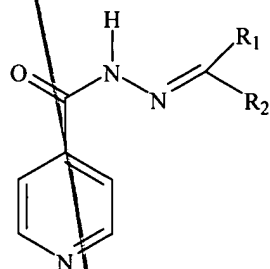


III

- 5 wherein R_1 is C_2 to C_6 alkyl, C_2 to C_6 substituted alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} alkenyl, C_2 to C_{10} substituted alkenyl, C_3 to C_7 cycloalkyl, C_3 to C_7 substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C_7 to C_{16} phenylalkyl, C_7 to C_{16} substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle;
- 10 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable isomer thereof; or a combination of the same.

16. The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 15 wherein R_1 is NHC_6H_5 , $NH-4-C_6H_4CH_3$, $NH-4-C_6H_4Br$ or $NH-4-C_6H_4Cl$.

17. A method for producing an antimycobacterial compound comprising the formula of:



- 5 wherein R_1 is H or CH_3 ; and

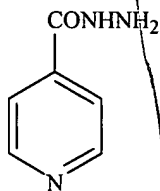
wherein R_2 is C_1 to C_{14} alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} substituted alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted dialkenyl, C_3 to C_7 cycloalkyl, C_3 to C_7 substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C_7 to C_{16} phenylalkyl, C_7 to C_{16} substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle, halo, hydroxy, amino, or carboxy; or

wherein $R_1R_2 = C_4$ to C_8 cycloalkyl or C_4 to C_{10} substituted cycloalkyl;

which comprises:

15

refluxing



(1)

with absolute ethanol to produce a solution;

adding a carbonyl compound comprising the formula of:

wherein $R_3 = H$ or CH_3 ; and

wherein $R_4 = C_1$ to C_{14} alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} substituted alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted dialkenyl, C_3 to C_7 cycloalkyl, C_3 to C_7 substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C_7 to C_{16} phenylalkyl, C_7 to C_{16} substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle, halo, hydroxy, amino, or carboxy; or

wherein $R_3R_4 = C_4$ to C_8 cycloalkyl or C_4 to C_{10} substituted cycloalkyl;

to the solution to produce a reaction mixture;

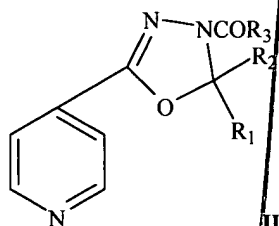
distilling the reaction mixture;

adding diethyl ether to the reaction mixture;

filtering the reaction mixture; and

drying the filtrate to produce I.

18. A method for producing an antimycobacterial compound comprising the formula of:



wherein R_1 = wherein R_1 is H or CH_3

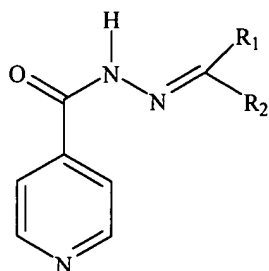
wherein R_2 = C_1 to C_{14} alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} substituted alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted dialkenyl, C_3 to C_7 cycloalkyl, C_3 to C_7 substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C_7 to C_{16} phenylalkyl, C_7 to C_{16} substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle, halo, hydroxy, amino, or carboxy; or

wherein R_1R_2 = C_4 to C_8 cycloalkyl or C_4 to C_{10} substituted cycloalkyl;

wherein R_3 = C_1 or C_2 alkyl

which comprises:

refluxing

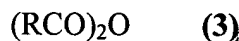


wherein R_1 is H or CH_3 ; and

wherein R_2 is C_1 to C_{14} alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} substituted alkyl, C_2 to C_{10} alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted alkenyl, C_2 to C_9 substituted dialkenyl, C_3 to C_7 cycloalkyl, C_3 to C_7 substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C_7 to C_{16} phenylalkyl, C_7 to C_{16} substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle, halo, hydroxy, amino, or carboxy; or

wherein $R_1R_2 = \text{C}_4$ to C_8 cycloalkyl or C_4 to C_{10} substituted cycloalkyl;

with a carboxylic acid anhydride comprising the formula of:



wherein $R = \text{C}_1$ or C_2 alkyl

to produce a reaction mixture;

drying the reaction mixture;

adding ether to the reaction mixture to form a solution;

separating the ether from the solution to yield an aqueous layer;

extracting the aqueous layer with ether;

drying the ether extracts to produce II.

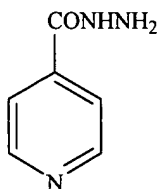
19. A method for producing a compound comprising the formula of:

O=C1NC(=S)N(C1)c2ccccc2

III

which comprises:

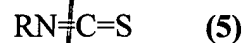
refluxing



(1)

with ethanol to produce a solution;

adding an isothiocyanate comprised of the formula of:



wherein R= C₁ to C₆ alkyl, C₂ to C₆ substituted alkyl, C₂ to C₁₀ alkenyl, C₂ to C₁₀ substituted alkenyl, C₃ to C₇ cycloalkyl, C₃ to C₇ substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C₇ to C₁₆

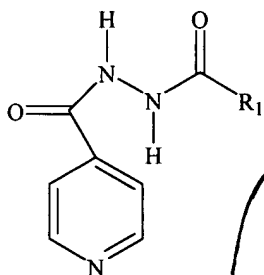
phenylalkyl, C₇ to C₁₆ substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle;

to the solution to form a reaction mixture;

cooling the reaction mixture;

filtering the reaction mixture to produce **III**.

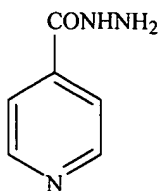
20. A method for producing an antimycobacterial compound comprising the formula of:



wherein R₁ = C₁ to C₆ alkyl, C₂ to C₆ substituted alkyl, C₂ to C₁₀ alkenyl, C₂ to C₁₀ substituted alkenyl, C₃ to C₇ cycloalkyl, C₃ to C₇ substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C₇ to C₁₆ phenylalkyl, C₇ to C₁₆ substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle;

which comprises:

adding diethyl ether to

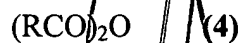


(I)

to produce a solution;

boiling the solution;

adding a carboxylic acid anhydride comprising the formula of:



wherein R = C₁ to C₆ alkyl, C₂ to C₆ substituted alkyl, C₂ to C₁₀ alkenyl, C₂ to C₁₀ substituted alkenyl, C₃ to C₇ cycloalkyl, C₃ to C₇ substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, C₇ to C₁₆ phenylalkyl, C₇ to C₁₆ substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle;

in ether to the solution to form a reaction mixture;

refluxing the reaction mixture;

cooling the reaction mixture to produce IV.

add
a4

B2